



EOSCpilot: High Level Aims & Impact

The **EOSCpilot** project supports the first phase of development of EOSC:

- Engage with a broad range of stakeholders, crossing borders and communities, to build the trust and skills required for adoption of an open approach to scientific research
- Develop a number of demonstrators functioning as high-profile pilots that integrate services and infrastructures to show interoperability and its benefits in a number of scientific domains
- **Establish the governance framework** for the EOSC and contribute to the development of European open science policy and best practice

Impact

- Reduce fragmentation between data infrastructures by working across scientific and economic domains, countries and governance models; and
- Improve interoperability between data infrastructures by demonstrating how data and resources can be shared even when they are large and complex and in varied formats

Three types of challenges:

- Scientific Challenges: deploying the EOSC to deliver Open Science
 - Needs and provision
 - What do research communities need from an "Open Data Science Environment"?
- Technical Challenges: developing technical solutions that meet the scientific needs
 WP 5-6
 - Services and integration
 - How can EOSC deliver integrated services that are relevant to community needs?
- Cultural Challenges: adopting new, more open ways of working
 - Skills and engagement
 - What changes are needed in capability and practices?
 - Governance and policy
 - How should provision be overseen to maximize benefit?

Interoperability: a crucial aspect of the EOSC



EOSC Interoperability – WP6

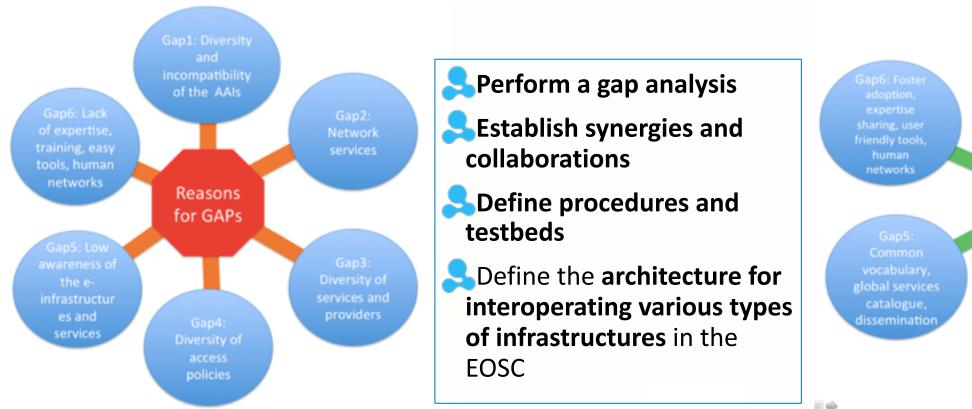
- Infrastructure Interoperability:
 - The provider view centric
 - The complementary usage of Cloud, Grid, HTC and HPC infrastructures, including large data-stores, through high speed networks and performant data transfer protocols and tools.
 - The high level objective is to **facilitate the most adequate infrastructures** for the treatment of extensive amounts of data
 - The federated infrastructure pilots have to be set up ... will enable the analyses of the existing interoperation mechanisms for software components, services, workflows, users and resource access within existing RI systems.
- Research and Data Interoperability:
 - Provides the **research infrastructure and domain expert view** in the work programme with focus on data interoperability.
 - The definition of a Data Interoperability framework in EOSC is based on the FAIR principles data and services need to be Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reusable.

Through - instantiation of multi-infrastructure, multi-community pilots.

Services & SDs - deployed and validated => maturity, scalability, and usability for a future EOSC.



e-infrastructure gap analysis & interoperability architecture – T6.1



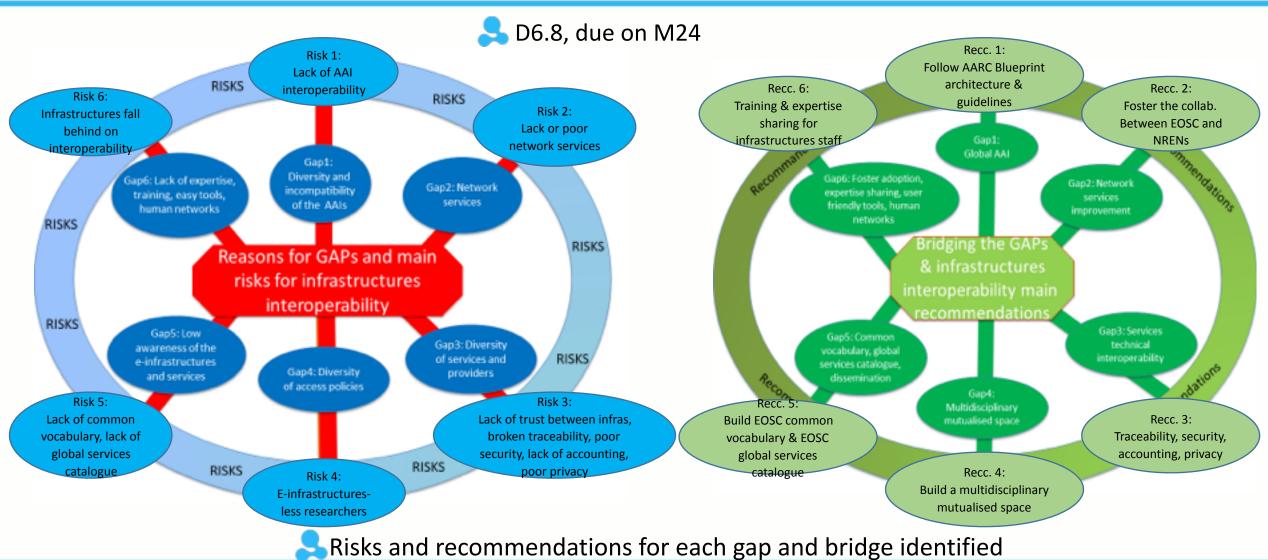


■D6.1: e-infrastructure gap analysis & D6.2: EOSC architecture design and validation procedure

• describes the framework to be set to allow the interoperability between the e-infrastructures and Research infrastructures involved in FOSC



T6.1: D 6.8 – Final EOSC architecture





EOSC Research & Data Interoperability – T6.2

Aims to establish principles and develop mechanisms that enable the EOSC to provide research and data interoperability across the diversity of existing (and potential future) research communities, research infrastructures and other research organizations.

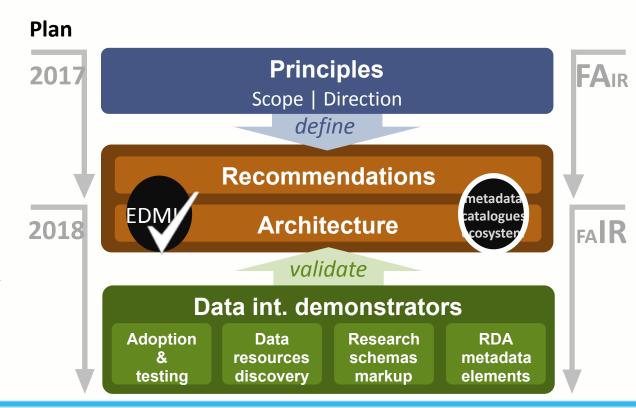
analyses the existing interoperation mechanisms for data, software components, workflows, users and resource access with particular attention to the use of standards and their syntactic and semantic representations.

provides the knowledge management framework - the content descriptions - consumed by the services established in WP5 and technical interoperability defined in task 6.1 and 6.3.

Section gathers requirements from the participating RIs and science partners

Organized following the FAIR principles, and address the Findability, Accessibility, Interoperability and Reusability of research assets.

Goal: To demonstrate how to ensure availability of scientific data and data-analysis services to users and <u>services</u> through a cloud infrastructure and design a stakeholder driven governance framework





Interoperability pilots – T6.3

"Develop a number of pilots that integrate services and infrastructures to demonstrate interoperability in a number of scientific domains"

- set up demonstrators to show interoperability among infrastructures and to foster the adoption of the solutions according to the FAIR principles,
- assess the maturity level of solutions for what regards TRL, openness, scalability, user community adoption and sustainability.
- **Section** regarding:
 - AAI requirements distributed authorization policies, support for multiple authentication methods using standards
 - Resource brokering solutions high-level resource discoverability and addressability
 - Accessibility EOSC local, Grid, HPC and Cloud resources <- by multiple communities via different interfaces
 - Data accessibility through personal resources, scientific portals, CLI
 - Interoperability underlying distributed storage systems with the EOSC platform services
 - Transparent networking solutions connecting multiple infrastructures and communities, spanning European countries
 - Data interoperability data placement, findability and accessibility in pilot solutions reusing common components



Interoperability pilots: Activities

- Support the setup of the Science Demonstrator pilots, following their interoperability requirements and matching them again with available services and solutions
- Setup of different pilot addressing different interoperability aspects:
 - Transparent Networking PiCo2 (Pilot for COnnection between COmputing centers)
 - Grid & Cloud interoperability pilot demonstrator for one of the HEP experiments
 - AAI through the setup of a scoped interoperability pilot as part of the WLCG Authorization WG & AARC & EOSCpilot collaboration
 - Resource Brokering & orchestration leveraging INDIGO-DataCloud solutions
 - Data accessibility & interoperability of underlying storage systems distributed Onedata deployment



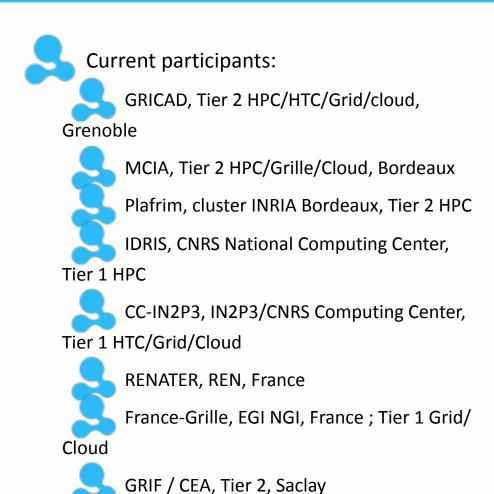
Interoperability pilots: Transparent Networking

PiCO2 (Pilot for COnnecting COmputing centers)

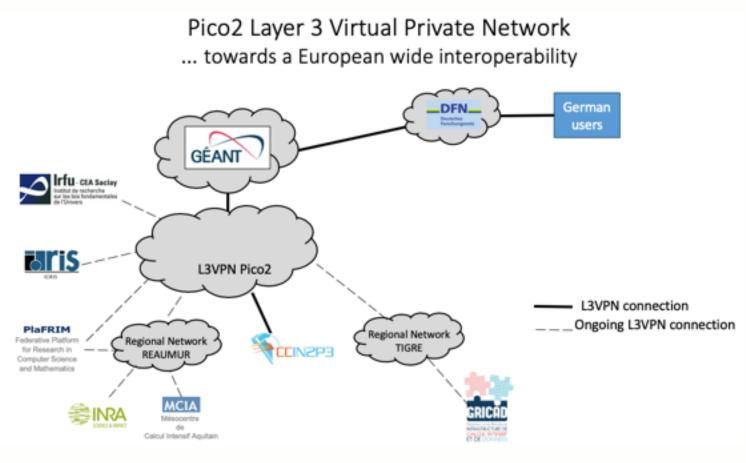
- one of the first interoperability pilots between generic, community agnostic, infrastructures, especially Tier-1 (National HPC/HTC centres), and Tier-2 (HPC/HTC regional centres).
- Its main objective is the automation of frequent, community agnostic, data flow (many large files) and code exchange between HPC (National, Regional) and HTC (national, grid) infrastructures
- technical groups have been set up :
 - 3) one for building a network of peer to peer federations between iRODS zones (data storage service), between Tier1 & Tier 2, between Tier2, and between Tier 2 and the grid
 - b) one for connecting the infrastructures within a L3VPN network and monitoring the performance of the network between sites
 - C) one for facilitating the mobility and use of codes between different machines, using containers, packages for configuration management, and notebooks



Interoperability pilots: Transparent Networking



DESY, Tier-2, Hamburg





Interoperability pilots: Grids & Clouds ...



Dynamic On Demand Analysis Service

- PaaS tool built combining several solutions and products developed by the INDIGO-DataCloud
- extensively tested on a dedicated interoperability testbed under the umbrella of the **EOSCpilot** project
- originally designed for the CMS Experiment at LHC => Thematic Service that will provide multi-disciplinary solutions in the EOSC-hub project



Weaknesses identified and recommendations:

- Federated AAI -> crucial to have it as a EOSC provided service.
- Transparent Data Access: scalable solution (XrootD) A more generic solution would be a big plus.
- Resource monitoring common strategy for cloud resources monitoring
- PaaS Orchestration improvement both in the interface and in the management of laaS ranking.

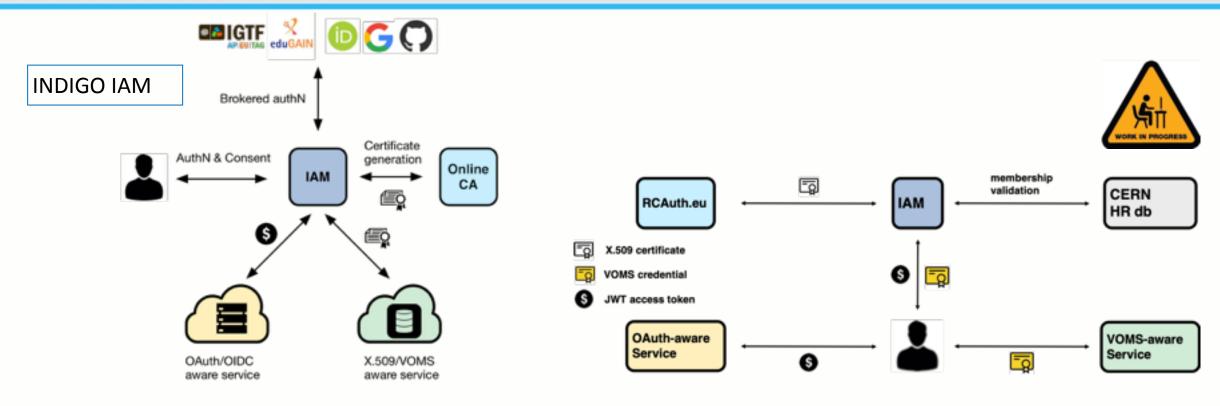




- Collaboration on the field of authorization and authentication, policies and recommendations regarding solutions design -> https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LCG/WLCGAuthorizationWG
- 🔔 Main objectives:
 - Design and testing of a WLCG Membership Management and Token Translation service, facilitated by pilot projects with the support of AARC
- Definition of a taken based authorisation and authorization profile for WLCG **AAI Pilot Projects** CERN Social eduGAIN SSO MP Login e-groups Two solutions appear to meet the majority of requirements Welcome to the Demonstration Collaboration FGI Check-in & COmanage INDIGO IAM Additional integration required Integration with existing VOMS Provisioning required source of information for legacy services WLCG AAI for INITIATING SELF SIGNUP components VOMS provisioning & lookup VOMS Token CERN HR DB integration Translation CERN HR DB Credential Store AUP re-signing WLCG Web WLCG Grid AARC Service Service WLCG AuthZ WG andrea.ceccanti@cnaf.infn.it



Interoperability pilots: AAI

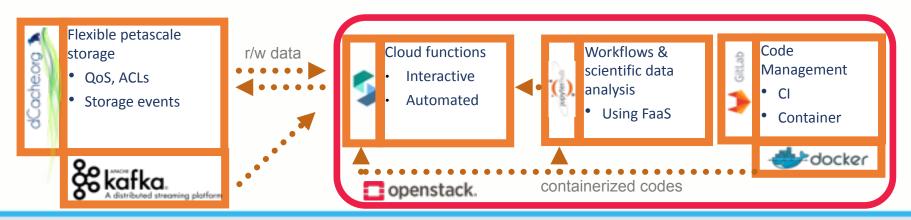


- IAM instance deployed @ INFN-CNAF since January 2018 to showcase main features and integration capabilities
 - \$_\https://wlcg-authz-wg.cloud.cnaf.infn.it/login
- This deployment is being migrated to CERN infrastructure for further validation & feedback on
 - RCAuth.eu and CERN HR database integration
 - Registration & administration management functionality



Photon and Neutron Science Demonstrator Interoperability Solutions

- Interoperability between cloud storage and virtualized compute clusters in the EOSC
 - dCache storage events (Kafka and Server Sent Events (SSE))
 - RESTful API based interaction
 - Single Sign On (SSO) e.g. OpenID Connect (OIDC)
 - Secure delegation of read/write access rights to stateless cloud functions (using Macaroons)
- Cloud functions as a service (FaaS) using docker runtimes
 - Preserving environments, versions, configurations for function catalogues and user codes
 - Enhanced portability on federated cloud environments in the EOSC
 - Same architecture for automated pipelines also used for interactive workflows (Jupyter Notebooks)
 - CI/CD for docker containers (scaling load with GitLab Runners)
 - Seamless scaling for headless applications; graphical interaction needs co-development to facilitate integration of scientific applications on cloud based infrastructures and platforms





Objectives

Infrastructure interoperability:

facilitate the most adequate infrastructures for the treatment of extensive amounts of data. Demonstrate with multi-infrastructure, multi-community pilots (science demonstrators from WP3 & WP4)

Research and Data Interoperability:

Data & services to be findable, accessible, interoperable and reusable (FAIR)

Testbeds for interoperability:

Put to work Science Demonstrator and learn about interoperability issues and solutions

Key Output:

The design of a future EOSC based on **federated interoperable services** meeting the **needs** of the thematic research domains and wider user base.

WP Outputs so far:

- Gap analysis
- EOSC architecture
- Reports on data interoperability and testbeds
- Initial and Updated
 Requirements for testbeds

More to come:

- Final EOSC architecture
- Final report on data interoperability
- Final Interoperability Testbeds report

Interoperability: Key element of the EOSC

EOSC pilot
The European Open Science
Cloud for Research Pilot Project
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